U.S. Serial No. 10/521,868

Final Office Action mailed April 12, 2010

Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. 1.116 filed August 5, 2010

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Listing of the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listing of claims in the application:

- 1.-2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the growth-limiting factor is silicate deprivation.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, further comprising the step of applying an additional nutrient deprivation to said culture.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the growth-limiting factor is applied once the culture has reached a concentration of at least 10⁷ cells/mL.
- 7-11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Currently amended) A method for producing polyunsaturated fatty acids from a diatomaceous algal culture, wherein the alga is *Chaetocerotaceae Chaetoceros gracilis* or *Skeletonemaceae-Skeletonema costatum*, comprising the steps of:
 - a. applying at least one growth-limiting factor to a culture of diatomaceous *Chaetocerotaceae*Chaetoceros gracilis or Skeletonemaceae Skeletonema costatum alga at the end of the exponential growth phase after 6 to 7 days of culture, causing growth arrest of said culture and increased production and stocking by said Chaetocerotaceae Chaetoceros gracilis or Skeletonemaceae

 Skeletonema costatum alga of polyunsaturated fatty acids; and
 - b. recovering the polyunsaturated fatty acids from said *Chaetocerotaceae* or *Skeletonemaceae* alga.
- 13. (Currently amended) A method for producing Omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids from a diatomaceous algal culture, wherein the alga is *Chaetocerotaceae Chaetoceros gracilis* or *Skeletonemaceae Skeletonema costatum*, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) monitoring the growth of said algal culture until said culture has reached the end of the exponential growth phase;
 - (b) applying silicate deprivation to said culture at the end of the exponential growth phase, wherein said silicate deprivation induces an increase in the production of Omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids when compared with a silicate replete culture; and
 - (c) recovering the long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids from said algal culture.

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- 14. (Currently amended) A method of increasing the yield of Omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids produced in a diatomaceous algal culture, wherein the alga is *Chaetocerotaceae Chaetoceros gracilis* or *Skeletonemaceae-Skeletonema costatum*, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) monitoring the growth of the algal culture until the culture has reached the end of the exponential growth phase; and
 - (b) applying silicate deprivation to the culture at the end of the exponential growth phase; wherein the silicate deprivation induces an increase in the production of Omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids in the alga compared with that of a silicate replete algal culture.